

RIVER PARTNERS: OUR HISTORY

Synergy between the fields of ecological restoration and agriculture



- 3 Offices: Chico, Turlock and San Diego
- Work along 13 major rivers
- Restored over 12,000 acres
- Almost 2 million trees and shrubs planted
- \$95 Million Invested in Restoration and Conservation
- Largest Acquisition: Dos Rios Ranch (2012) and Hidden Valley Ranch (2013) at Confluence of San Joaquin and Tuolumne Rivers.

"To create wildlife habitat for the benefit of people and the environment."









DESIGNING
HABITAT:
CREATING
HOMES FOR
WILDLIFE



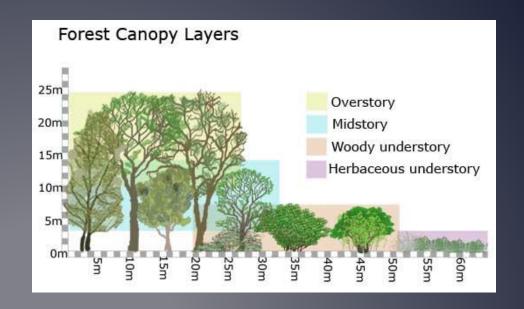


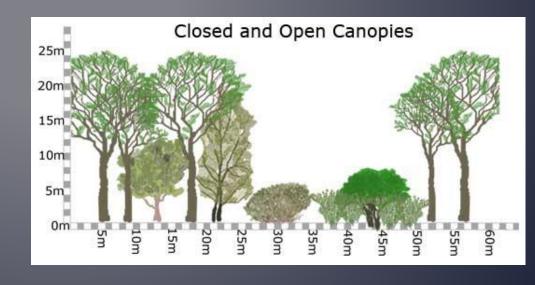
 Identify habitat structure requirements for targeted wildlife species (food, water, cover, space)



DESIGNING HABITAT: CREATING HOMES FOR WILDLIFE

- Understand how vertical structure is important to targeted wildlife species (How do vegetation layers of a forest affect the presence of certain species?)
- Determine patch sizes required by species (Are species sensitive to narrow habitat corridors?)
- Identify habitat features (snags, cavities) that species need





DESIGNING HABITAT: CREATING HOMES FOR WILDLIFE



- Manipulate components of habitat across landscape to attract various targeted species
- Consider temporal changes in vegetation and wildlife composition at project area (lack of natural riverine processes and invasive plant species can change the trajectory of succession, design for ecological resiliency)







DESIGNING HABITAT: WHAT'S IN OUR TOOLKIT?



- Vegetation characteristics (growth form of native riparian plants)
- Physical constraints of site (site assessment of soils, hydrology, topography)

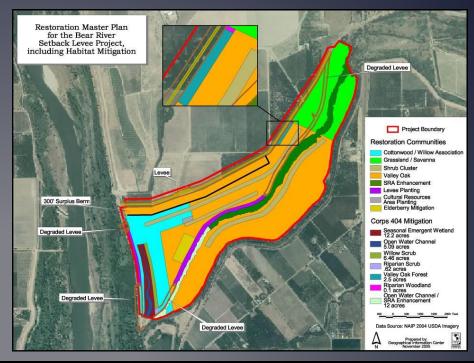


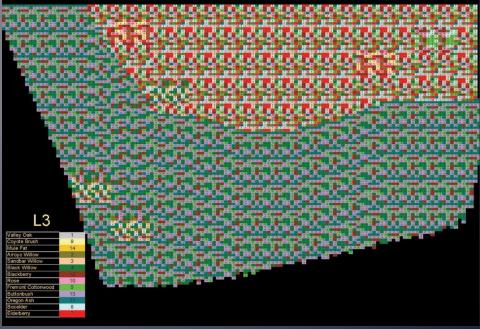




DESIGNING HABITAT: WHAT'S IN OUR TOOLKIT?

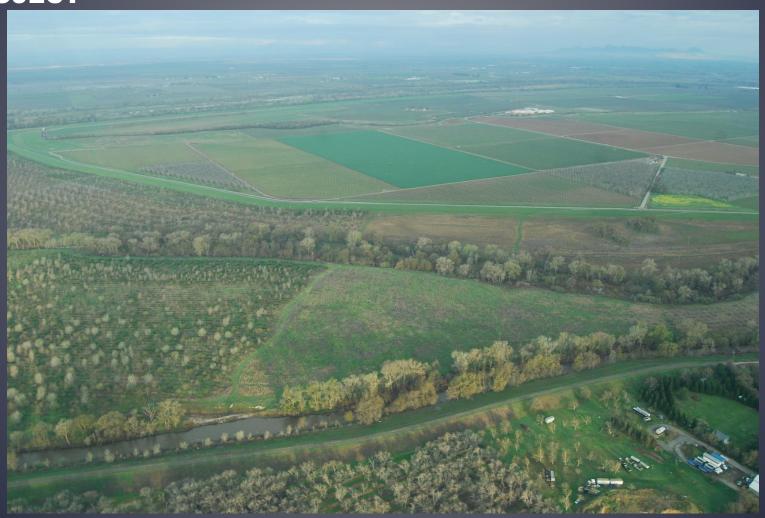
- Relate habitat structure to vegetation communities (e.g. valley oak woodland, mixed riparian forest)
- Develop composition of vegetation communities (plant species, densities)
- Arrange vegetation communities across the landscape





BEAR RIVER HABITAT RESTORATION PROJECT

- 2nd largest setback levee project in California
- 625 acres of habitat restoration
- Planted in 2006



LARGE SCALE RESTORATION: TRANSLATING DESIGN TO THE LANDSCAPE

In essence, by combining science with precision farming technology, we have farmers, engineers, and scientists all working together toward a common goal.





LARGE SCALE RESTORATION: TRANSLATING DESIGN TO THE LANDSCAPE







HOW DO WE MAINTAIN HABITAT RESTORATION PROJECTS?

IRRIGATION

- Different methods can be used, highly dependent on topography
- Frequency dependent on soils
- Control weed competition







HOW DO WE MAINTAIN HABITAT RESTORATION PROJECTS?

MOWING

- Keeps weeds from growing tall
- Keeps plants from producing a seed head
- Beneficial for perennial plants





HOW DO WE MAINTAIN HABITAT RESTORATION PROJECTS?

HERBICIDE TREATMENT

- Chemicals specifically treat certain plants
- Different application methods available
- Requires careful matching of spraying objective and chemical/application method





WILDLIFE RESPONSES: APPROVAL OF HABITAT

Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (Desmocerus californicus dimorphus) – colonized in restoration projects as young as 3 years old, found in 2 mitigation sites on the Feather River in 2006

Least Bell's Vireo

(Vireo bellii pusillus) – believed to been extirpated from the Central Valley, first seen in the valley in 60 years!





WILDLIFE RESPONSES: APPROVAL OF HABITAT

Riparian Brush Rabbit

(Sylvilagus bachmani riparius): radio collared rabbits are now using adjacent lands to the SJRNWR.



(Neotoma fuscipes riparia): SJRNWR has riparian woodrats using restored habitat.





ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- River Partners website: www.riverpartners.org
- California Riparian Habitat Restoration Handbook http://riverpartners.org/documents/Restoration_Handbook Final Decog.pdf



Recreation



Flood Protection



Outdoor Classrooms

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