

INFECTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL PLAN (IPCP)

FACILITY NAME: _____ **FACILITY ID:** _____
ADDRESS: _____ **CITY:** _____ **STATE:** _____ **ZIP:** _____
OWNER'S NAME: _____ **PHONE:** _____
CONTACT PERSON: _____ **EMAIL:** _____

The owner, employees and practitioners of the above body art facility have developed this Infection Prevention and Control Plan to prevent accidents, to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure to blood or other body fluids, and to break the cycle of cross-contamination between practitioners and clients. This plan is intended to comply with the Safe Body Art Act.

This plan is effective as of (date) _____

The IPCP is kept in the following location within the facility: _____

All body art practitioners and employees have access to the plan and can review it at any time during their work shifts.

The facility owner is responsible for administering the IPCP and providing training to all practitioners that operate in the facility. Training will be provided annually and whenever changes are made to this document or any practices. Changes must be immediately reflected in this document and resubmitted to the Sacramento County Environmental Management Department (EMD) for review.

*IPCP training records must be available for inspection upon request and maintained on site for a period of **3** years.*

Note: Each practitioner is required to have proof of annual Bloodborne Pathogen (BBP) certification and a current valid body art practitioner registration.

CHANGES TO IPCP

Date	Change	Page number

*Changes must be submitted to EMD for review.

TRAINING LOG

I certify that I received the following Infection Protection Control Plan training, required annually or when a change occurs.

Date	Name	Trainer Initials	Notes/Comments

PROCEDURES FOR CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL SURFACES

Describe how each workstation and procedure area will be cleaned and decontaminated:

What EPA registered decontamination and disinfecting solutions will be used?

1. _____ Contact Time: _____
2. _____ Contact Time: _____
3. _____ Contact Time: _____

What surfaces and objects will be disinfected? _____

How often will these surfaces and objects be disinfected? _____

PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTING CLEAN INSTRUMENTS AND STERILE INSTRUMENT PACKS FROM EXPOSURE TO DUST AND MOISTURE DURING STORAGE

Where will sterilized packaged instruments be stored?

How is each sterilization package evaluated at the time of storage and before use?

Describe the procedure followed if a sterilized package has been compromised:

A SET UP AND TEAR DOWN PROCEDURE FOR ANY FORM OF BODY ART PERFORMED AT THE FACILITY, PREVENTION OF CROSS CONTAMINATION

Wash and dry hands. Put on a clean apron, bib or lap pad over clean clothing. Put on any personal protective equipment that is appropriate for the task. Don clean, previously unused, disposable examination gloves on both hands just prior to the procedure. Gloves shall be worn throughout the procedure. If gloves come into contact with an object or surface other than the client's prepared skin or material to be used for the procedure, or if a glove is torn or punctured, both gloves shall be removed, hand hygiene performed, and new, clean, previously unused, disposable gloves shall be donned. If gloves are removed for any reason during a procedure, hand hygiene shall be performed prior to donning new, clean, previously unused, disposable examination gloves.

The practitioner shall wear disposable gloves on both hands when touching, decontaminating, or handling a surface, object, instrument, or jewelry that is soiled or that is potentially soiled with human blood.

Describe the set up and tear down procedure for each of the stations and for each type of procedure performed at this facility. Use additional pages if needed.

SET UP PROCEDURES	TEAR DOWN PROCEDURES
TATTOOING:	
PERMANENT MAKE-UP:	
PIERCING:	
BRANDING:	

Describe the location of gloves available within your facility: _____

Describe the use of barrier film, dental wraps, absorbent pads, paper towels, aprons, bibs, and any film used in your facility prior to the performance of body art and describe what equipment is covered and with what type of barrier is used in each instance:

How will skin be prepared prior to the procedure? If skin at the procedure site is to be shaved, describe the solution used to prepare the skin, type of razor, and the method of razor disposal:

What solution or transfer agent is used to apply stencils or mark work sites?

Tattoo/Permanent Make Up: _____

Piercing or Branding: _____

When covering a procedure site, a sterile dressing must be used.

What type of sterile dressing (s) are used? _____

What Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is worn during body art procedures?

Tattooing: _____

Piercing: _____

Branding: _____

Permanent Cosmetics: _____

Washing of contaminated instruments: _____

PPE must be disposable or washed by a commercial laundry service.

How are sterilization packages evaluated prior to use?

Are sterilization packages opened in front of the customer prior to the procedure?

YES _____ NO _____

Proper handwashing is a key component to preventing cross-contamination. All sinks must be permanently plumbed and equipped with hot and cold running water, containerized liquid soap, and single-use paper towels that are dispensed from a wall-mounted, touchless dispenser that is accessible at all times to the practitioner.

Describe the location of each handwashing sink in your facility:

Describe when handwashing is required in your facility:

Who is responsible for ensuring hand sinks are properly stocked? _____

*An instrument or reusable item that does **not** come in contact with non-intact skin or mucosal surfaces shall be washed with a solution of soap and water, using a brush that is small enough to clean the interior surfaces and decontaminate after each procedure. This washing will occur at the sink located at:*

PROCEDURES FOR SAFE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL OF SHARPS WASTE

The sharps waste container shall be labeled with the words "sharps waste" or with the international biohazard symbol and the word "BIOHAZARD".

Each procedure area shall have a container for the disposal of sharps waste. Sharps waste containers must be easily accessible to the practitioner.

Sharps waste shall be removed and disposed of by a waste hauler or removed and transported through a mail-back system authorized by the State Department of Public Health. Section 119314 (e)(3)(A)

What items are disposed of in the sharps container?

Provide the location of each sharps container in your facility:

List the licensed Medical Waste Hauler or mail-back system used for the disposal of sharps containers:

Business Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

What is the frequency of your sharps disposal?

Where are sharp containers stored when full, prior to disposal in your facility?

Procedures for an Accidental Spill: Clean-up and disinfection procedures when there is a spill of sharps will be:

FACILITY MANAGEMENT

Describe the cleaning procedures and frequency for each of these areas:

Customer waiting area:
Procedure areas:
Restroom:
Break room:
Decontamination and Sterilization Area:

When and where are animals allowed in your facility? _____

Trash receptacles and disposal of trash: List the location of receptacles, use of disposable liners, where liners are stored, and frequency of trash removal. What items will go into the trash receptacles?

Where will eating, drinking and smoking be allowed by employees and customers?

RECORDKEEPING

If disposable, single-use, pre-sterilized instruments are used, the following records must be maintained for a minimum of 90 days after use.

1. A record of purchase:

Where are these records maintained?

2. *Written proof on company or laboratory letterhead showing that the presterilized instruments have undergone a sterilization process. Written proof shall clearly identify the instruments sterilized by name or item number and shall identify the lot or batch number of the sterilizer run.*

This written proof will be maintained in the facility at:

3. *Documentation must be kept of all procedures, the practitioner performing the procedure, client name, lot numbers of presterilized instruments used, and date of procedure.*

Where are these records maintained?

All information gathered from the client that is personal medical information and that is subject to the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) or similar state laws shall be maintained or disposed of in compliance with those provisions.

Consent and medical questionnaires will be stored at: _____

The location of the first aid kit is: _____

The location of the nearest healthcare facility is:

NAME: _____ PHONE: _____

ADDRESS: _____ CITY: _____ STATE: _____ ZIP: _____

PROCEDURES FOR DECONTAMINATING, PACKAGING, STERILIZING AND STORING REUSABLE INSTRUMENTS

An instrument or other reusable item that comes into contact with non-intact skin or mucosal surfaces shall either be single-use or be washed, decontaminated, packaged and sterilized after each procedure.

*Sterilizers shall be loaded, operated, decontaminated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's directions. Only steam autoclave equipment manufactured for the sterilization of **medical instruments** shall be used. Autoclaves must have mechanical indicators for time, temperature and pressure.*

Make and Model of Autoclave: _____

Time, Temperature, PSI: List the temperature, duration of time, and PSI of the autoclave at that temperature required for sterilization: _____

Describe the procedure used for decontaminating instruments or other reusable items prior to placing into the autoclave. Indicate whether instruments are manually or machined washed and packaged.

List all Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) used when cleaning and washing instruments and equipment:

A reusable item that cannot be immediately washed, decontaminated, and sterilized following the completion of the body art procedure shall be placed in a basin of water with or without detergent.

Describe the type of container that is used to store the instruments when soaking or washing.
What solution is used?

Location of the soaking instruments: _____

Is an ultrasonic machine used for washing and cleaning instruments? YES ____ NO ____
Ultrasonic machines must be used per manufacturer's instructions.

Chemical bottles must be labeled.

Washed instruments to be sterilized shall first be sealed in sterilization packages that contain either a sterilizer indicator or internal temperature indicator. The outside of the pack shall be labeled with the date sterilized, the initials of the person operating the sterilizing equipment and contents of the package unless it has a clear window.

Decontamination and sterilization area must be more than 5 feet from the procedure area or separated by a solid, cleanable barrier.

If applicable, how will the decontamination and sterilization barrier be cleaned and how often?

Instruments are packaged for sterilization as follows:

INSTRUMENT TYPE	SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS	PACKAGING MATERIAL
Hinged	Must be in "open" position	Sterilization packs
Grips		Sterilization packs
Jewelry		Sterilization packs or open if for immediate use

Sterilization equipment shall be tested using a commercial biological indicator ("spore test") monitoring system after the initial installation, after any major repair, and at least once per month. The expiration date of the monitor shall be checked prior to each use.

Biological indicators monitoring test results shall be recorded in a log that shall be kept on site, located _____ for minimum of 3 years after the date of the results. Describe the procedure conducted when a spore test has failed.

Each sterilization load shall:

A) Be monitored with mechanical indicators for time, temperature and pressure

*B) Include a **Class V integrator***

*C) Each sterilization pack shall have an **indicator***

*A written log of each sterilization cycle shall be maintained for **3** years and shall include all of the following information:*

- a. The date of the load.*
- b. A list of the contents of the load.*
- c. The exposure time and temperature.*
- d. The results of the Class V integrator.*
- e. For cycles where the results of the biological indicator (spore test) monitoring are positive, how the items were cleaned, and proof of a negative test before reuse.*

The current log will be kept in the following location: _____

Older logs will be kept for three years in the following location: _____

Describe how you load your sterilizer/tray and where you place your Class V integrator in each load:

Sterilized items are left in this location to fully dry for this length of time: _____

JEWELRY STANDARDS FOR PIERCING

(For Facilities Offering Piercing Services Only)

Jewelry placed in newly pierced skin shall be sterilized prior to piercing as specified in Section 119315 or shall be purchased pre-sterilized. Sterile jewelry packs shall be evaluated before use and, if the integrity of a pack is compromised, including but not limited to, being torn, wet or punctured, the pack shall be discarded or reprocessed before use.

Only jewelry made of ASTM F 138, ISO 5832-1 and AISI 316L or AISI 316LVM implant grade stainless steel, solid 14-karat through 18-karat yellow or white gold, niobium, ASTM F 136 6A4V titanium, platinum, or other materials found to be equally biocompatible shall be placed in newly pierced skin.

All jewelry placed in newly pierced skin will meet the above requirements.

BRANDING STANDARDS

Branding shall not be done with another client in the procedure area. During the procedure, the practitioner and the client shall wear appropriate protective face filter masks.

All other standards outlined above in the IPCP shall be followed for branding.

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