CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ATMOSPHERE FOR THE COMPUTER MODELING OF THE WORST CASE AND ALTERNATIVE RELEASE SCENARIOS FOR SACRAMENTO COUNTY

PARAMETER	WORST CASE	ALTERNATIVE RELEASE
Ambient Dry-bulb Temperature Relative Humidity Atmospheric Stability Class Wind Velocity Cloud Cover Inversion Height Height of Release Release Temperature Ground Surface Roughness Buoyancy of Dispersion Gases	110°F¹ 65%¹ F 3.4 mph 20% none ground level note 3 urban or open country as appropriate gaussian and/or heavy gas	71.6°F² 56%² D 9.7 mph² 20% none determined by release scenario note 4 urban or open country as appropriate gaussian and/or heavy gas
buoyancy of bispersion cases	as appropriate	as appropriate

NOTE:

- Highest daily maximum dry bulb temperature and daily average relative humidity for last three years recorded for Sacramento, California per the Western Regional Climatic Center records in Reno, Nevada.
- 2. Mean dry bulb temperature, mean daily average relative humidity, and mean wind speed for month of June for period of record for Sacramento, California per the Western Regional Climatic Center records in Reno, Nevada. June is most typical month for class D stability per year since it is month that has highest mean wind speed per year.
- 3. Use ambient dry bulb temperature given or process temperature whichever is higher. Gases liquefied by refrigeration released at boiling point.
- 4. Use appropriate process or ambient temperature.

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